

Subject: Oral and Tube Fed Enteral Nutrition	Original Effective Date: 9/10/09
Policy Number: MCR-070 *(This MCR replaces and combines MCG-070 & 071)	Revision Date(s): 6/29/12, 8/7/14 This MCR is no longer scheduled for revisions.
Review Date: 12/16/15, 6/15/16, 9/19/17, 3/8/18,	6/19/19, 4/23/20, 4/5/21
MCPC Approval Date: 3/8/18, 6/19/19, 4/23/20,	4/5/21

Contents

DISCLAIMER	1
SUMMARY	2
Position Statement Recommendation 4-11	2
Summary of Medical Evidence	4
Coding Information	
Resource References	
Review/Revision History	6
CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS)	

DISCLAIMER

This Molina Clinical Review (MCR) is intended to facilitate the Utilization Management process. It expresses Molina's determination as to whether certain services or supplies are medically necessary, experimental, investigational, or cosmetic for purposes of determining appropriateness of payment. The conclusion that a particular service or supply is medically necessary does not constitute a representation or warranty that this service or supply is covered (i.e., will be paid for by Molina) for a particular member. The member's benefit plan determines coverage. Each benefit plan defines which services are covered, which are excluded, and which are subject to dollar caps or other limits. Members and their providers will need to consult the member's benefit plan to determine if there are any exclusion(s) or other benefit limitations applicable to this service or supply. If there is a discrepancy between this policy and a member's plan of benefits, the benefits plan will govern. In addition, coverage may be mandated by applicable legal requirements of a State, the Federal government or CMS for Medicare and Medicaid members. CMS's Coverage Database can be found on the CMS website. The coverage directive(s) and criteria from an existing National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD) will supersede the contents of this Molina Clinical Review (MCR) document and provide the directive for all Medicare members.



SUMMARY

The term "medical food" is defined in section 5(b) (21 U.S.C. 360ee (b) (3)) of the Orphan Drug Act as: "A food which is formulated to be consumed or administered enterally under the supervision of a physician and which is intended for the specific dietary management of a disease or condition for which distinctive nutritional requirements, based on recognized scientific principles, are established by medical evaluation." ¹

Oral Enteral Nutrition: Nutritional liquids prescribed to be ingested by the oral route for the purpose of restoring or maintaining nutrition, weight and strength commensurate with the member's overall health status.

Tube Fed Enteral Nutrition: Nutritional liquids prescribed to be delivered to the gastrointestinal tract through a feeding tube into the stomach or small intestine.

NOTE: Each state plan has a specific definition provided by their respective state Medicaid benefits plan. Coverage criteria are outlined within each state Medicaid regulation. This document serves as an additional tool to provide direction for specific situations that are not defined within each state plan regulation.

POSITION STATEMENT RECOMMENDATION 4-11

311	ON STATEMENT RECOMMENDATION
1.	Tube fed enteral nutritional therapy (e.g., nasogastric, gastrostomy, jejunostomy) may be considered medically necessary when the following criteria are met: [ALL]
	☐ Presence of a neurological, musculoskeletal, cognitive disease or anatomical abnormality that impairs swallowing (e.g., CVA, trauma, spinal cord injury, birth defects, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, parkinson's disease, ALS, obstruction due to head and neck cancer or reconstructive surgery), and
	☐ The additional criteria outlined below for oral enteral therapy is met:
2.	Oral enteral nutritional therapy may be considered medically necessary when the following criteria are met: [ALL]
	Prescription must be used under the supervision of a physician or nurse practitioner, or ordered by a registered dietician upon referral by a health care provider authorized to prescribe dietary treatments; and
	☐ Documentation outlining risk factors for malnutrition: [ALL]
	 Anatomic or mechanical dysfunction of the structures of the gastrointestinal tract that impair chewing or swallowing solid foods; and
	o 50 % of caloric or nutritional requirements are not able to be met from ordinary food to maintain life-sustaining functions; and

Presence of a medical condition that is a significant risk factor for developing

> Diagnosis of inborn errors of metabolism that require modified food products

malnutrition that include but are not limited to: [ONE]



- homocystinuria, methylmalonic acidemia, propionic acidemia, isovaleric acidemia [and other disorders of leucine metabolism], glutaric acidemia type I, tyrosinemia types I and II, and urea cycle disorders.)
- ➤ Atopic disease associated with allergy-related formula intolerance
- ➤ Malabsorption syndromes or short-bowel syndromes resulting in prolonged nutrient losses (e.g., Pediatric Crohn's disease, acute ulcerative colitis, short bowel syndromes, gastroparesis, ischemic bowel disease with massive bowel resection)
 - Must meet weight loss criteria below
- Failure to thrive (FTT) diagnosis with the inability to meet caloric nutritional requirements:
 - Must meet weight loss criteria below
- > Severe disease (e.g., anorexia/bulimia, HIV, end stage renal disease, cancer)
 - Must meet weight loss criteria below

OR

 Weight loss: Documentation demonstrating clinical signs and symptoms of impaired digestion, malabsorption, or nutritional risk from failure to thrive as indicated by the following measures:

In adults who are \geq 18 years of age: [ONE]

- BMI \leq 18.5 kg/m² *and* albumin level of < 3.5 or a cholesterol level of 160 or below; or albumin < 4.0 in end stage renal patients; or
- ▶ Documented unintentional weight loss \ge 10% over the past 3-6 months
- o In neonates, infants and children who are <18 years of age: [ONE]
 - ➤ Weight for height or BMI for age < 10 percent; or
 - ➤ Crossed (downward) at least 2 percentile lines of weight for age on the growth chart.

u	A 4 week trial	l of star	ıdard	formu	las ha	s been	comp	leted	that c	demonstr	ates no	benefit
		*	Not	requir	ed for	r inbor	n error	sof	metab	olism		

3.	WIC: Children who are < 5 years of age are required to obtain enteral products from the WIC Program
	Coverage is limited to specific approved enteral products designated on the WIC preferred list. The
	following signed and dated written notification from WIC is required: [ONE]

Not eligible for the WIC program; or
The requested product is not available through the WIC program: [ALL]
o Documentation of similar WIC products tried and failed; and



- o Documentation of medical need for the alternative products; or
- o The need for the oral nutrition product or formula exceeds the allowed amount

	 □ Change in formula type; or □ Increase or decrease in number of calories per day or days per week of administration; or □ Change in route of administration (oral to enteral feedings)
5.	Enteral nutrition is <i>excluded</i> for any of the following:
	 □ Any of the above criteria is not met □ Specialized diets that can be achieved through normal food consumption (e.g., gluten free foods) □ For convenience purposes □ Food preference of an enteral formula over other acceptable standard dietary interventions □ Noncompliance with a special diet □ Nutritional supplements not requiring a physician's prescription for the sole purpose of boosting protein and/or caloric intake □ Weight reduction, bodybuilding, athletic performance, anorexia or bulimia □ Nutritional needs can be met using regular foods, baby foods, and other regular grocery items that can be blenderized to maximally meet nutritional needs.

SUMMARY OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE

Enteral formulas are classified as standard, elemental or specialized. There is lack of prospective, randomized, controlled trials supporting the reported indications for the majority of specialized formulas on the market. Standard formulas have been shown to be effective in meeting the nutritional requirements for the majority of patients.

CODING INFORMATION: THE CODES LISTED IN THIS POLICY ARE FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY. LISTING OF A SERVICE OR DEVICE CODE IN THIS POLICY DOES NOT IMPLY THAT THE SERVICE DESCRIBED BY THIS CODE IS A COVERED OR NON-COVERED. COVERAGE IS DETERMINED BY THE BENEFIT DOCUMENT. THIS LIST OF CODES MAY NOT BE ALL INCLUSIVE.

CPT	Description
	N/A

HCPCS	Description:
	The following website is useful to determine which products are assigned to a specific
	HCPCS code:
	https://www4.palmettogba.com/pdac dmecs/initProductClassificationResults.do
B4149	Enteral formula, manufactured blenderized natural foods with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates,
	vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1
B4150	Enteral formula, nutritionally complete with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and
	minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4152	Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, calorically dense (equal to or greater than 1.5 kcal/ml) with intact nutrients,
	includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral
	feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit



B4153	Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, hydrolyzed proteins (amino acids and peptide chain), includes fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4154	Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, for special metabolic needs, excludes inherited disease of metabolism, includes altered composition of proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and/or minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4155	Enteral formula, nutritionally incomplete/modular nutrients, includes specific nutrients, carbohydrates (e.g., glucose polymers), proteins/amino acids (e.g., glutamine, arginine), fat (e.g., medium chain triglycerides) or combination, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4157	Enteral formula, nutritionally complete, for special metabolic needs for inherited disease of metabolism, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4158	Enteral formula, for pediatrics, nutritionally complete with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber and/or iron, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4159	Enteral formula, for pediatrics, nutritionally complete soy based with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber and/or iron, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4160	Enteral formula, for pediatrics, nutritionally complete calorically dense (equal to or greater than 0.7 kcal/ml) with intact nutrients, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4161	Enteral formula, for pediatrics, hydrolyzed/amino acids and peptide chain proteins, includes fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4162	Enteral formula, for pediatrics, special metabolic needs for inherited disease of metabolism, includes proteins, fats, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals, may include fiber, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit

ICD-10	Description: [For dates of service on or after 10/01/2015]
	All Diagnoses

RESOURCE REFERENCES

- 1. Orphan Drug Amendments of 1988 (amending the Federal Food, Drug, Cosmetic Act respect to Orphan Drugs for Other Purposes). Pub L. No. 100-290.
- 2. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. NCD for Enteral and Parenteral Nutritional Therapy (180.2). Accessed at: https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/new-search/search.aspx
- 3. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. LCD for Enteral Nutrition L11568. Accessed at: https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/new-search/search.aspx
- 4. Hayes Search & Summary. Enteral Feeding for Eosinophilic Esophagitis. Winifred Hayes, Inc. June 7, 2013.
- 5. American Society for Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition (A.S.P.E.N.). Clinical Guidelines. Accessed at: http://www.nutritioncare.org/Clinical Practice Library/
- 6. American Academy of Pediatrics Policy Statement. Reimbursement for Foods for Special Dietary Use. Pediatrics May 2003;111(5):1117-1119. Reaffirmed 2006.
- 7. American Academy of Pediatrics. Committee on Nutrition. Hypoallergenic Infant Formulas. Pediatrics. Aug 2000;106(2):346-349.
- 8. American Academy of Pediatrics. Effects of Early Nutritional Interventions on the Development of Atopic Disease in Infants and Children: The Role of Maternal Dietary Restriction, Breastfeeding,



- Timing of Introduction of Complementary Foods, and Hydrolyzed Formulas. Pediatrics. Jan 2008;121(1):183-191.
- 9. North American Society for Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition (NASPGHAN). Eosinophilic Esophagitis. Accessed at: https://naspghan.org/
- 10. National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence. Clinical Guideline 32. Nutrition support in adults: oral nutrition support, enteral tube feeding and parenteral nutrition. February 2006. Updated 2017. Accessed at: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg32
- 11. UpToDate. [website]. Waltham, MA: Walters Kluwer Health; 2020.
 - Collier S. Duggan C. Enteral Nutrition in Infants and Children.

REVIEW/REVISION HISTORY

3/8/18, 6/19/19, 4/23/20 4/5/21: Policy reviewed, no changes to criteria.

CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS)

The coverage directive(s) and criteria from an existing National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD) will supersede the contents of this Molina Clinical Review (MCR) document and provide the directive for all Medicare members. There is a NCD and several LCD's on this topic. ²⁻³