Do you have questions?

Call our 24-hour Nurse Advice Line. We are here to help you.



Distributed by Molina Healthcare. All material in this brochure is for information only. It does not replace your provider's advice.

To get this information in other languages and accessible formats, please call Member Services. This number is on the back of your Member ID card.



Chlamydia

MolinaHealthcare.com



MolinaHealthcare.com



24238BROMDCAEN 201207

What is chlamydia?

Chlamydia is a common sexually transmitted infection (STI). Bacteria cause chlamydia. Sexual contact spreads STIs. The infection affects both men and women of all ages.

What are the symptoms of chlamydia?

- Painful urination
- Lower stomach pain
- Vaginal discharge in women
- Discharge from the penis in men
- Pain during sex for women
- Testicular pain during sex for men

You may not have symptoms. You may not know you have chlamydia.

Who should be tested for chlamydia?

- If you are pregnant, or think you may be pregnant
- If you are 25 years old or younger and have sex
- If you are over 25 years old and:
 - You have a new sex partner.
 - You have more than one sex partner.

- You have sex with someone who has other sex partners.
- You do not use a condom during sex and you or your partner has sex with other people.

How often should you be tested?

You should get a chlamydia test once a year.

Can you treat chlamydia?

Yes. Antibiotics will treat chlamydia. If left untreated, chlamydia can cause serious health problems.

How can you prevent a chlamydia infection?

- Abstain from all types of sex to avoid any STI.
- Always use latex condoms correctly during sex.
- Limit the number of your sex partners.

Follow your provider's orders and take all your medicine. See your provider if your symptoms do not go away. Get another chlamydia test if you change sex partners.

